

forth the pertinent facts and conclusions, and an initial determination, as to whether separate payment of an augmented amount should be certified (see §410.511(a)).

(n) *Support of parent, brother, or sister.* The Administration shall make findings, setting forth the pertinent facts and conclusions, and an initial determination, as to whether a parent, brother, or sister, meets the requirements for support from the miner set forth in the pertinent provisions of section 412(a)(5) of the Act and whether proof of support was submitted to the Administration within the time limits set forth in the Act or under the provisions described in §410.214(d).

[36 FR 23760, Dec. 14, 1971, as amended at 37 FR 20651, Sept. 30, 1972; 41 FR 30114, July 22, 1976]

§410.615 Administrative actions that are not initial determinations.

Administrative actions which shall not be considered initial determinations, but which may receive administrative review include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) The suspension of benefits pursuant to the criteria in section 203(h)(3) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 403 (h)(3)), pending investigation and determination of any factual issue as to the applicability of a reduction under section 412(b) of the Act equivalent to the amount of a deduction because of excess earnings under section 203(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 403(b)) (see §§410.515(d) and 410.530).

(b) The denial of an application to be made representative payee for and on behalf of a beneficiary under part B of title IV of the Act (see §410.581).

(c) The certification of any two or more individuals of the same family for joint payment of the total benefits payable to such individuals (see §410.505).

(d) The withholding by the Administration in any month, for the purpose of recovering an overpayment, of less than the full amount of benefits otherwise payable in that month (see §410.560(c)).

(e) The authorization approving or regulating the amount of the fee that may be charged or received by a rep-

resentative for services before the Administration (see §410.686b(e)).

(f) The disqualification or suspension of an individual from acting as a representative in a proceeding before the Administration (see §410.688).

(g) The determination by the Administration under the authority of the Federal Claims Collection Act (31 U.S.C. 951-953) not to compromise a claim for overpayment under part B of title IV of the Act, or not to suspend or terminate collection of such a claim, or the determination to compromise such a claim, including the compromise amount and the time and manner of payment (see §410.565).

(h) Where the amount in controversy is less than \$100, the denial of a request for reimbursement of medical expenses (see §410.240(h)) which are claimed to have been incurred by the claimant in establishing his claim for benefits, or the approval of such request for reimbursement in an amount less than the amount requested. (Also see §410.610(j).)

(i) The determination by the Social Security Administration that an individual is not qualified for use of the expedited appeals process, as provided in §410.629a.

(j) The denial by the Administration of a request to readjudicate a claim and apply an Acquiescence Ruling.

[37 FR 20651, Sept. 30, 1972, as amended at 40 FR 53387, Nov. 18, 1975; 41 FR 30114, July 22, 1976; 55 FR 1019, Jan. 11, 1990]

§410.620 Notice of initial determination.

Written notice of an initial determination shall be mailed to the party to the determination at his last known address, except that no such notice shall be required in the case of a determination that a party's entitlement to benefits has ended because of such party's death (see §410.610(c)). If the initial determination disallows, in whole or in part, the claim of a party, or if the initial determination is to the effect that a party's entitlement to benefits has ended, or that a reduction or adjustment is to be made in benefits, the notice of the determination sent to the party shall state the specific reasons for the determination. Such notice shall also inform the party of the right

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to reconsideration (see § 410.623). Where more than the correct amount of payment has been made, see § 410.561.

[37 FR 20652, Sept. 30, 1972]

§ 410.621 Effect of initial determination.

The initial determination shall be final and binding upon the party or parties to such determination unless it is reconsidered in accordance with §§ 410.623 through 410.629, or it is revised in accordance with § 410.671.

§ 410.622 Reconsideration and hearing.

Any party who is dissatisfied with an initial determination may request that the Administration reconsider such determination, as provided in § 410.623. If a request for reconsideration is filed, such action shall not constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing subsequent to such reconsideration if the party requesting such reconsideration is dissatisfied with the determination of the Administration made on such reconsideration; and a request for a hearing may thereafter be filed, as is provided in § 410.630.

§ 410.623 Reconsideration; right to reconsideration.

(a) We shall reconsider an initial determination if a written request for reconsideration is filed, as provided in § 410.624, by or for the party to the initial determination (see § 410.610). We shall also reconsider an initial determination if a written request for reconsideration is filed, as provided in § 410.624, by an individual as a widow, child, parent, brother, sister, or representative of a decedent's estate, who makes a showing in writing that his or her rights with respect to benefits may be prejudiced by such determination.

(b) Reconsideration is the first step in the administrative review process that we provide for an individual dissatisfied with the initial determination, except that we provide the opportunity for a hearing before an administrative law judge as the first step for those situations described in §§ 410.630 (b) and (c), where an individual appeals an initial determination denying waiv-

er of adjustment or recovery of an overpayment (see § 410.561a).

[61 FR 56133, Oct. 31, 1996]

§ 410.624 Time and place of filing request.

The request for reconsideration shall be made in writing and filed at an office of the Social Security Administration within 60 days after the date of receipt of notice of the initial determination, unless such time is extended as specified in § 410.668. For purposes of this section, the date of receipt of notice of the initial determination shall be presumed to be 5 days after the date of such notice, unless there is a reasonable showing to the contrary.

[41 FR 47918, Nov. 1, 1976]

§ 410.625 Parties to the reconsideration.

The parties to the reconsideration shall be the person who was the party to the initial determination (see § 410.610) and any other person referred to in § 410.623 upon whose request the initial determination is reconsidered.

§ 410.626 Notice of reconsideration.

If the request for reconsideration is filed by a person other than the party to the initial determination, the Administration shall, before such reconsideration, mail a written notice to such party at his last known address, informing him that the initial determination is being reconsidered. In addition, the Administration shall give such party a reasonable opportunity to present such evidence and contentions as to fact or law as he may desire relative to the determination.

§ 410.627 Reconsidered determination.

When a request for reconsideration has been filed, as provided in §§ 410.623 and 410.624, the Administration or the State agency, as appropriate (see § 410.601), shall reconsider the determination with respect to disability or the initial determination in question and the findings upon which it was based; and upon the basis of the evidence considered in connection with the initial determination and whatever